## **Accounting Basics**

(Flashcards: Single-sided)





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**Instructions:** Print this PDF file and cut out the flashcards below. The terms can be handwritten on the blank side of each card. (The terms/answers are found at the end of this file.)

This method reports revenues when This method reports revenues when cash is received (as opposed to when they are earned (as opposed to when the revenues are earned) and reports the cash is received) and reports expenses when they are paid (as expenses when they occur (as opposed opposed to when they occur). to when they are paid). A2 This is the allocation of a plant asset's cost to expense over the asset's useful This asset is part of *property, plant and* life. The purpose is to match the equipment but it is not depreciated. asset's cost to the years that benefit from its use. A4 This financial statement reports This financial statement reports a a corporation's profitability for a company's financial position as of specified period of time. It reports a moment of time. It reports the revenues, expenses, gains, losses, and assets, liabilities and stockholders' (or the resulting net income. Also referred owner's) equity. to as the P&L. This basic underlying principle requires Under the accrual method, these are a transaction to be recorded at its cash reported on the income statement value at the time of the transaction. It when they are earned. Sales and fees also prevents reporting the increases earned are examples. in the market value of property.

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Under the accrual method, these costs are reported on the income statement when they have been used up in the process of earning revenues.

These are a company's resources that have future economic value which can be measured in the company's currency. Prepaid expenses are one of these.

Α9 A10

These are the obligations of a company and are one of the main elements of the balance sheet and accounting equation. Deferred revenues are one of these.

The total amount for this section of a corporation's balance sheet is the amount of assets minus liabilities. It reports the corporation's paid-in capital, retained earnings, and any deduction for treasury stock. It is also the total amount of the corporation's book value.

A11 A12

This algebraic expression is *assets* = *liabilities* + *owner's* (*or stockholders'*) equity. It should remain in balance under the double-entry system.

This term indicates the left side of a general ledger account. It is also the normal balance for asset, expense, and loss accounts.

A13 A14

This term indicates the right side of a general ledger account. It is also the normal balance for liability, stockholders' equity, revenue, and gain accounts.

Under this system every transaction will result in an amount recorded in at least two general ledger accounts. It also requires that the amounts recorded as debits must be equal to the amounts recorded as credits.

A15

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This listing of the general ledger accounts does not include the account balances or other amounts.

This financial statement reports the major changes in a corporation's cash and cash equivalents. Amounts are grouped according to operating, investing, and financing activities.

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A18

This amount is required to appear on the income statement of a publicly traded corporation. It uses the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. This amount is an asset's cost minus its accumulated depreciation. It is also the face value of bonds minus its unamortized discount (or plus its unamortized premium). It is also the amount of a corporation's stockholders' equity.

A19

A20

This is defined as a company's cash and other resources that are expected to turn to cash within one year of the balance sheet date (or within the operating cycle if the operating cycle is longer than one year).

This is the remainder after subtracting the cost of goods sold from net sales.

A21

A22

These are an integral part of the financial statements and are required by the full disclosure principle. They include the company's significant accounting policies.

These are a company's operating expenses other than the cost of goods sold. They are also period costs (as opposed to product costs).

A23

A24

the blank side of each card. (The terms/answers are found at the end of this file.)	
This basic underlying accounting principle requires that some expenses and liabilities be accrued or deferred.	This current asset is the cost of a merchant's or manufacturer's goods held for sale.
A25	A26

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## Terms/Answers

A1. cash method of accounting (or) cash basis of accounting A2. accrual method of accounting (or) accrual basis of accounting A3. **depreciation** A4. land A5. balance sheet (or statement of financial position A6. income statement (or) statement of earnings (or) statement of operations A7. cost principle (or) historical cost principle A8. revenues A9. expenses A10. assets A11. liabilities A12. stockholders' equity (or) shareholders' equity A13. accounting equation (or) bookkeeping equation A14. **debit** A15. credit A16. double-entry accounting (or) double-entry bookkeeping A17. chart of accounts A18. cash flow statement (or) statement of cash flows A19. earnings per share (or) EPS

## **Terms/Answers**

- A20. book value (or) carrying value
- A21. current assets
- A22. gross profit (or) gross margin
- A23. notes to the financial statements
- A24. SG&A (or) selling, general and administrative
- A25. matching principle
- A26. **inventory**