(For Standard Costing)

This form assumes that the unit of measure is a pound (lb.). However, it could be gallons, liters, board feet, etc.

Example: A company has one raw material with a standard cost of \$ per pound. The standard										dard for		
manufacturing each unit of output/product is					lbs of material. The material's actual cost was							
	_ per lb. (However,	the actua	l cost per	lb. is not us	ed in the	e calcul	ation of the	usage va	riance.)	During the	
current period units of o				of output w	ere manufa	ctured.	The ac	tual lbs. of n	naterials ເ	used to	produce	
the units of output amour				ounted to	ited to lbs.							
								The output of				
								units of product				
								will have the following				
Actual lbs. Used X								Standard Cost of Direct Materials				
Standard Cost per lb.							_	Assigned to the Products:				
Actual		S	Standard					Standard			Standard	
lbs.	X	((cost per					lbs. for	Х	, L	cost per	
Used			lb.					Output			lb.	
	X	\$							X	•	\$	
							L		_		1	
	\$								\$		j	
		Materials	s Usage V	ariance =	\$	Fa	vorable c	or Unfavorable				