

Standard Costing

(Crossword Puzzle #1)

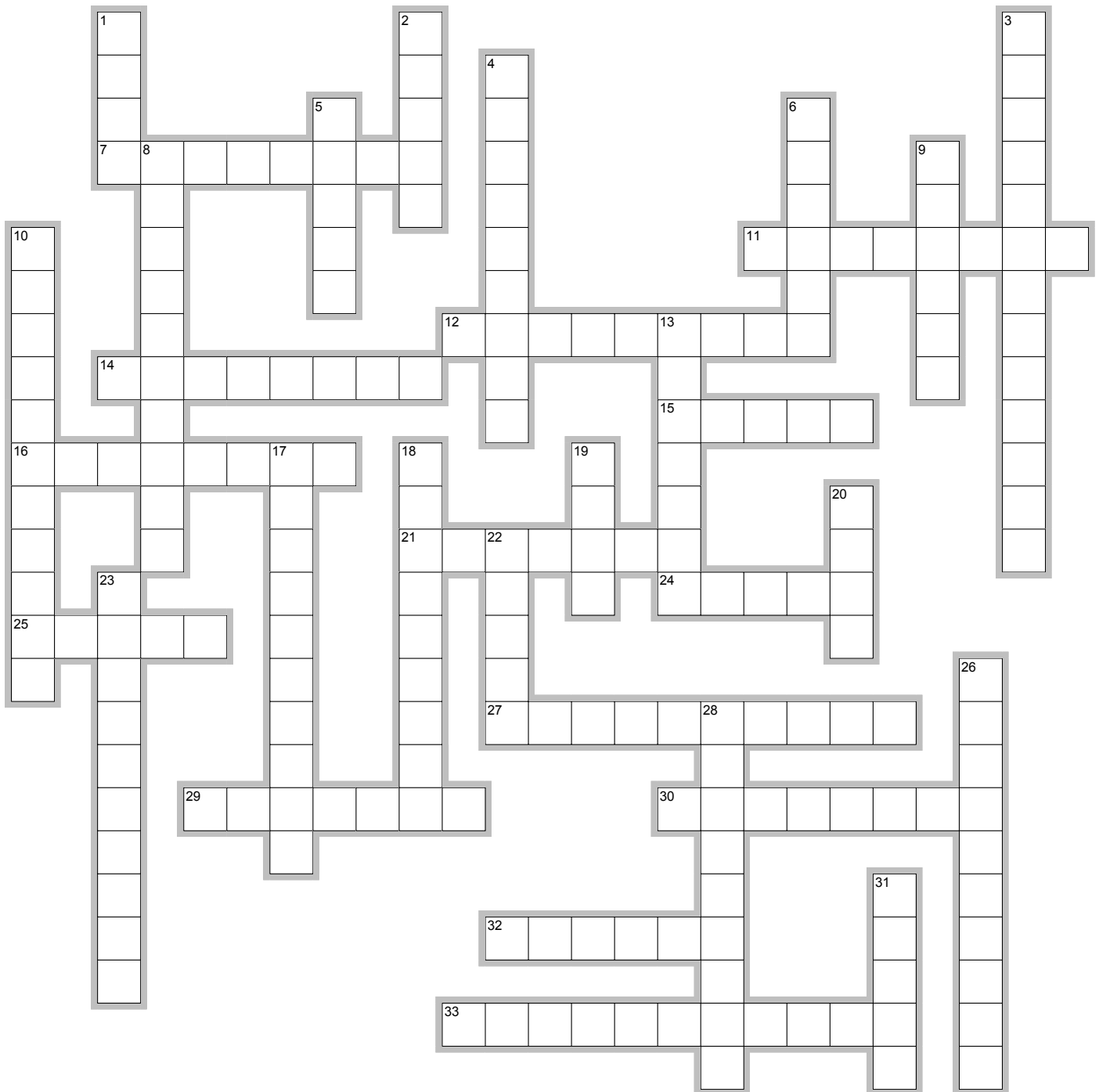


Harold Averkamp
CPA, MBA

Accounting
Coach[®]

Our materials are copyright © AccountingCoach, LLC and are for personal use by the original purchaser only. We do not allow our materials to be reproduced or distributed elsewhere.

Crossword Puzzle (Standard Costing #1)



ACROSS (Standard Costing #1)

7. The variable manufacturing overhead variance occurring when the actual variable overhead costs are different from the costs expected for the actual inputs.
11. The direct materials usage variance and the direct labor efficiency variances are sometimes referred to as _____ variances.
12. When the actual cost of an input is less than the standard cost of an input, it is a _____ variance.
14. The overhead efficiency variance pertains to the _____ manufacturing (or factory) overhead.
15. This direct materials variance might be calculated at the time the materials are purchased (rather than at the time of use).
16. _____ labor costs such as the wages of maintenance workers are included in manufacturing overhead.
21. The market in LCM refers to the cost to _____ items by either purchase or manufacture.
24. If a manufacturer has an actual input cost greater than the standard input cost, the entry to a variance account will be a _____.
25. The rate variance is usually associated with direct _____.
27. A variance that occurs when the actual direct labor hours are different from the standard number of direct labor hours.
29. Standard costs can be used in a job order cost system and in a _____ cost system.
30. The indirect manufacturing costs are referred to as factory or manufacturing _____.
32. A significant manufacturing overhead variance would not be prorated to the _____ materials inventory.
33. When the amount of fixed manufacturing overhead applied to the production is less than the budgeted amount of fixed manufacturing overhead, the variance is an _____ variance.

Down (Standard Costing #1)

1. If a company has variances at the end of the year that are very small and its inventory balances are very small, the balances in the variance accounts will be disposed of by assigning them to _____. (acronym)
2. This direct materials variance results when the actual quantity of input is different from the standard quantity of input.
3. Standard costs are _____ or budgeted costs.
4. At a manufacturer using standard costs, the balance in the inventory account for this input can be at standard cost or at actual cost depending upon when the manufacturer recognizes the variance.
5. The volume variance pertains to the _____ manufacturing (or factory) overhead.
6. The fixed overhead variance resulting from operating at a level different from the budgeted level of activity.
8. The department most likely to determine the standard cost of the raw materials obtained for the manufacturing of products.
9. For inventory valuation in a standard cost system, standard costs are applied to the good _____.
10. Standard costs are more helpful in determining whether a company operated _____ (effectively or efficiently) in producing its output during the accounting period.
13. The total manufacturing overhead variance is the difference between the actual overhead costs incurred and the standard overhead costs _____ to the good output.
17. The combination of direct labor cost and manufacturing costs is referred to as _____ costs.
18. Differences or deviations from standard costs.
19. Because of seasonal fluctuations, manufacturing overhead standards are likely predetermined for the entire _____.
20. This direct labor variance occurs when the direct labor is paid an hourly wage that is different

Down (Standard Costing #1)

- from the standard hourly wage.
22. The term used when referring to the combination of direct materials cost and direct labor cost is _____ costs.
23. Under _____ costing (as opposed to variable costing) fixed manufacturing overhead is assigned to products manufactured.
26. The fixed overhead volume variance is also referred to as the _____ volume variance.
28. If a company has variances that are very significant and its inventory balances have increased significantly, some of the variance balances should be allocated (or prorated) to _____.
31. Manufacturers are also subject to the _____ of cost or net realizable value rule.

Solutions (Standard Costing #1)

